

2024-2025 OPEN CHEER

DIVISION RULES AND REGULATIONS 8th Edition

The NCC reserves the right to add, change, delete, or combine any information provided below.

General Rules

1. The National Cheerleading Championship (NCC) prioritizes the safety and welfare of all athletes participating at Cheer events and competitions. The NCC reserves the right to exercise all means necessary to uphold athlete safety as our primary concern in accordance with the safety standards of Cheer Pilipinas and the International Cheer Union (ICU) in accordance with the Safe Sport Initiative of the International Olympic Committee (IOC).

We encourage all managers and coaches to read the ICU Athlete Safety Guidelines: https://cheerunion.org/safeguarding/

- 2. The NCC strictly adheres to all COVID 19 guidelines including but not limited to social distancing and requires all participants in all of its competition to do the same.
- 3. All teams are required to submit all necessary documents by the given deadline to be eligible. The deadline for the submission of **COMPLETE** documents is **one** (1) **month** prior to the qualifiers (or the Finals in the event there are no qualifiers) the team will be joining.

If unable to submit at the given deadline a fine of **Php 4,000.00** will be implemented. The fine should be paid **BEFORE** the date of the qualifiers (or the Finals in the event there are no qualifiers) or else the team will **NOT** be allowed to perform.

For teams joining more than one division, only one (1) late fee applies for all deliverables.

- 4. All teams should be supervised during <u>ALL</u> official functions by a qualified advisor¹/coach.
- 5. Athletes and coaches may not be under the influence of alcohol, narcotics, performance enhancing substances, or over-the-counter medications while participating in a practice or performance that would hinder the ability to supervise or execute a routine safely.
- 6. On the day of the competition all official team members must report to the competition area for verification. Only those on the Final Roster submitted a month before the Qualifiers (or the Finals in the event there are no Qualifiers) will be allowed inside the competition area.

The Final Roster consists of the following:

- a. Complete list of performers.
 - i. A team should be composed of **exactly twenty-four (24)** performers inclusive of spotters and lifters.
- b. Complete list of reserves. Only **five** (5) reserves are allowed. The list of reserves may **NOT** be changed once the team has registered.
- c. The coach, asst. coach **are the ONLY team officials** allowed to enter with the team provided they are included in the roster list.
- 7. Performance Sequence
 - a. If a team is not present during the drawing of lots, it will get the last pick in the lot.
 - b. For the Qualifiers, if a team arrives at the competition venue two (2) slots prior to its own performance slot it will be assessed a sanction of **thirty** (30) **points** and will be allotted the performance slot of two (2) slots after arrival.
 - c. At Qualifiers, the last performance slot is reserved for the defending champion of that regional competition.
 - d. The NCC reserves the right to determine the order of performance for all divisions in the National Finals.
 - e. If a team misses its performance slot, it is automatically disqualified from the competition.

Note: If a team is not present at the allotted time given, the NCC reserves the right to draw a number on behalf of the team. Once the number has been picked it is final.

8. Run through²

¹ Someone who can be held responsible for the Team/Squad.

- a. Music should be provided at the time of the run through.
- b. If a team misses their slot in the run through, they forfeit that time to rehearse.
- c. Each team has a maximum of seven (7) minutes for its run through.³
- 9. All teams are required to take part in the Introduction of Teams. A penalty of **twenty (20) points** will be given to any team who doesn't comply.⁴

Eligibility of Participants

- 1. Teams may enter any of the following Group Stunt Divisions provided ALL eligibility requirements for division an athlete will compete in are met:
 - a. Open All Girl Cheer ADVANCED Division
 - b. Open All Girl Cheer ELITE Division
 - c. Open Coed Cheer ADVANCED Division
 - d. Open Coed Cheer ELITE Division
 - e. Open Coed Cheer PREMIER Division
- 2. All Girl Category
 - a. Teams joining should comprise of ALL GIRLS ONLY.
- 3. Athletes joining the **ADVANCED Division should** be at least **sixteen (16)** years of age on the day of the competition.
- 4. Athletes joining the **ELITE** and **PREMIER** Divisions should be at least **eighteen (18)** years of age on the day of the competition.
 - NOTE: A cheerleader can compete in 2 or more separate divisions provided he/she is qualified and all required documents are submitted for **EACH** division he/she is participating in. Registration fees for each division apply.
- 5. Teams must submit the required official NCC forms on the specified deadline (*in alphabetical order of participants' last name*).
 - a. The following should be submitted via email at phil.ncc@gmail.com
 - i. NCC Registration/Waiver Form and Roster List inclusive of the following:
 - 1. Name of all Participants, Reserves and Team Officials.
 - 2. Once submitted, names CANNOT be changed.
 - 3. If a participant is a minor, Guardian/Parent's signature is required.
 - ii. Valid Government ID with Birth Date (SCANNED COPY)
 - iii. Payment Deposit Slip (SCANNED COPY)
 - b. The following ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS should be submitted in HARD COPY during registration on the DAY OF THE COMPETITION
 - i. Original NCC Registration/Waiver Form
 - ii. Signed original NCC Rules and Regulation Agreement Form
- 6. Substitutions may be made on a team only in the event of an injury or academic probation; all substitutes must meet the eligibility requirements stated above. The necessary documents must be submitted together with the team's eligibility forms and must be made known to NCC Officials.
- 7. Athletes with any injuries and/or medical conditions should be cleared to perform both at the official run throughs and at the actual competition by a certified doctor/physician. The NCC is not liable for any undeclared medical conditions.

² Only for Finals

³ Time allotment might vary depending on the number of participating teams.

⁴ Late = not ready

Sportsmanship

- 1. All participants and competitors must exhibit the highest level of sportsmanship before, during and after the competition.
- 2. All participants must take part in the oath of sportsmanship and be at the competition venue at the designated time.
- 3. All winners must come forward to accept their award immediately after their school is called for all prizes regardless of ranking.
- 4. All winning teams are to have a photo taken upon receipt of the award.
- 5. NCC officials can assess a **ten (10) point penalty** per occurrence against any team found to have violated the NCC's sportsmanship standards. Multiple sportsmanship infractions can result in disqualification and disbarment of the team from future NCC events.
- 6. The same level of sportsmanship is expected from the teams' school, family and other supporters of the team whether watching live at the competition venue or virtually via TV broadcast or online streaming.
- 7. Grave acts against sportsmanship such as but not limited to sabotage, physical violence, homicide, collusion, libel, stealing, vandalism, untoward incident, internet posting and the like shall be dealt with the full force of the law after an appropriate investigation is concluded.

Apparel and Accessories

- 1. Team uniforms should have their school's name more prominent than any brand or sponsor name.
- 2. Soft-soled athletic shoes with adequate support must be worn while competing. Jazz shoes and/or boots, slippers, sandals, flip-flops, high heels, leather shoes, and bare feet are NOT allowed.
- 3. Jewelry of any kind including but not limited to ear, nose, tongue, belly button and facial rings, clear plastic jewelry, bracelets, necklaces, and pins are prohibited. Jewelry must be removed and may not be taped over. Rhinestones on the uniform are allowed. Face paint is allowed, but body jewelry like sticky rhinestones are prohibited.
- 4. Medical alert bracelets or necklaces may be worn, but should be removed from the neck/wrist area and be secured to the body under the uniform with tape.
- 5. Fingernails, including artificial nails, must be kept at an appropriate length (i.e. short, near the end of the fingers) to minimize risk for the participants.
- 6. Inappropriate and vulgar clothing will not be allowed. Emphasis will be on a balance of aesthetic appeal and functionality taking into consideration the length, fit and style of the uniform to its wearer. This applies to both male and female athletes. No cross dressing allowed. The focus should be on safety while doing the routine. Any violations will result with a minimum penalty of ten (10) points per occurrence to a maximum of disqualification depending on the gravity of the offense.
 - a. Skirt: maximum Thumb level short
 - b. Shorts: buttocks are fully covered/concealed and not skin tone
 - c. Top: no cleavage, fully supported, and appropriately covered.
- 7. No grease or anything slippery on uniform or body.
- 8. Stockings are NOT allowed for safety reasons.
- 9. Any prop that may be attached to the uniform or body is still considered a prop and not apparel.
- 10. Neoprene, spandex supports, sleeves and the like are allowed. Braces, casts, etc., which are hard and unyielding or have rough edges or surfaces are prohibited.

- 11. Gloves, sweat bands and the like are not allowed to be worn by bases during stunts.
- 12. Cycling and panty shorts cannot be skin-toned.
- 13. Ribbons, rubber bands and hair pins should be properly secured.
- 14. Wigs are not allowed.
- 15. Tattoos of school logos, etc. are allowed; any other tattoos permanent or otherwise must be covered.

Competition Area, Flooring and Venue

- 1. All competitors must start within the performance area and everyone must be supporting their own weight with at least one foot on the performance floor.
- 2. Teams will perform on a 54 feet (across) by 42 feet (wide) (54' x 42') carpeted floor, exercise mat or similar surface.
- 3. Performance area shall either be foam, spring floor, athletic mat or other material as decided upon by the NCC.
- 4. The floor shall be devoid of any other visible promotional material other than the NCC logo unless otherwise agreed on by the NCC.
- 5. Any and all official competition venues shall be at least 20 feet in height.
- 6. Stepping out of the competition area will be assessed a **five (5) point** deduction each incident.

Routine Timing

- 1. The minimum length of the performance is two minutes (2:00) and the maximum length is two minutes and thirty seconds (2:30). A penalty of **five** (5) **points** will be given for every lack or excess of five (5) seconds and a fraction thereof.
- 2. Cheer Portion: Can be placed in the beginning or middle of the routine. Cheer portion minimum time requirement is thirty (30) seconds.
- 3. Maximum time between Cheer and Music portion: Twenty (20) seconds.
- 4. A one-minute pre-set will be given to each team.
- 5. Timing will begin with the first organized movement of a cheer, sideline or dance, the first note of music, the first word of a cheer or sideline, or the building of a pyramid or stunt (i.e. the lifting of or support of another person off the ground). Competitors may do a spirited tumbling exit as long as it is within the given exit time.
- 6. The team should leave the floor immediately after their routine together with their props.

Music

Performance music must adhere to the standards and practices of the official NCC rules and regulations. The music must be of good quality as this could affect the scoring by the judges.

- 1. Profane, vulgar, suggestive, offensive and inappropriate language is strictly prohibited. Such language should be edited out of the routine music. A penalty of ten (10) points per occurrence will be given to teams whose music/cheer has this content or anything that may be construed as the above.
- 2. Designate one representative from your group to run your music.
 - a. This person must remain at the sound table throughout the entire performance.

- b. That representative is not allowed to touch the sound board except to push the play button (once) at the beginning of the routine and the stop button (once) at the end of the routine. Note: Teams will be penalized with a **ten (10) point** deduction if this is not followed.
- 3. Only **audio CD formats OR USBs** are allowed in the competition.
 - a. For CDs: Bring four (4) quality-recorded compact discs of your music to the competition. When burning own music on CD, you MUST use a CD-R NOT CD-RW. CDs should be properly labeled with the schools Name, contact person, and contact number.
 - b. For USBs: Only file on the USB device should be the music for the routine. Please bring an extra USB with the music file. USBs should be properly labeled with the schools Name, contact person, and contact number.
- 4. No digital music player will be allowed to be used in the competition (i.e. iPods, MP3 Players, CD Players).
- 5. Each team will be allowed to test their music at a given time before the competition. An NCC representative will properly time the music to be recorded and have it signed off by the team's coach and the NCC representative.⁵
- 6. Schools may bring a maximum of 3 bass drums and 2 snare drums to be situated at the audience bleachers.

Medical Attention

- 1. It is the responsibility of the team or coach to report an athlete's injury or illness to the event organizer(s).
- 2. If at any time prior to or during competition a cheerleader is ill, injured, or his/her physical or emotional condition is at risk by participating, he/she may be declared ineligible to compete, or disqualified from competing further. The competition organizer(s), Competition Director and/or Head Judge reserves the right to withdraw any competitor who appears to have such serious disability or injury or needs medical attention.
- 3. The NCC reserves the right to request the submission of a physician's written authorization of an athlete to compete who is deemed medically or emotionally at risk by the competition organizer.

Interruption of Performance

- 1. In the event the performance of the competing team is interrupted because of the NCC (i.e. event equipment, facilities, etc.) the team shall be given the option to either resume their performance from the place where the interruption occurred or repeat their entire performance.
- 2. In the event the performance of any team is interrupted because of failure of the team's own equipment or supplies, the team must either continue the performance or withdraw from the competition. Same holds true if an interruption is caused by any competitor or their coaches.

Note: If any competitor and/or their coach are found guilty of deliberately undermining another team's routine, they will be disqualified from the competition and the NCC has the right to suspend the team for two (2) years.

3. In the event of a minor injury (defined as the athlete is still able to support himself) the team must continue. In the event of major injury (i.e. immobility, unconsciousness, excessive bleeding) the NCC reserves the right to stop the performance to provide proper medical attention.

If the major injury was obtained less than one (1) minute into the routine, the team will have the option to repeat their entire performance and will be given the last slot in the competition to do so.

If the major injury was obtained more than one (1) minute into the routine, then the team will be judged according to where the performance ended.

⁵ Qualifiers: sound check; Finals: run-through. This can change depending on the number of competing teams.

4. In the event injury happens on the day of the competition, prior to the competition performance, the team is given the option to continue or withdraw.

Props and Equipment

- 1. Wearable articles that may impede vision, movement, or may be deemed potentially injurious to the wearer or teammate are not permitted.
- 2. Any height increasing apparatus used to propel a competitor is prohibited.
- 3. Flags, banners, signs, pompons, and cheerleading megaphones are the only props allowed. Props with poles or similar support apparatus may not be used in conjunction with any kind of stunt. All props must be safely discarded out of harms way (i.e. throwing a hand sign or banner across or behind the mat from a stunt would be illegal).
- 4. Mascots are permitted to use any prop except fire, liquids, confetti, glitter and live animals.

Technical Rules

Scoring Information

- 1. A minimum of five (5) judges will score each routine.
- 2. Judges may score on a half point system (i.e. 40.5 points).
- 3. The total number of possible points for each routine is a maximum of **500 points** (assuming there are 5 judges).
- 4. The final score will be the result of the sum of the judges' scores minus the lowest and the highest score.
- 5. A penalty judge will be assigned specifically to spot for legalities especially when it comes to safety infractions. The judge will assess a **ten** (10) **point deduction** per occurrence for inappropriate choreography, music, language, uniforms/costuming (as set by the school). A routine including choreography, music selection and outfitting should be suitable for family viewing and listening.
- 6. A tabulator will compute final scores based on judges' scoring, including technical deductions and penalties based on the NCC Rules.
- 7. Tie Breakers are left up to the discretion of the judging panel.
- 8. The Head Judge reserves the right to decide on any and all contentious scoring and interpretation of the rules and regulations of the NCC.

Note: All judging and rule interpretation decisions are final

CATEGORY POINTS I. CHEER Use of Signs, Poms or Megaphones and use of Stunts/ Pyramids Word clarity and volume, Motion Synchronization and Placement

II. PARTNER STUNTS	
Execution	
Variety	
Difficulty	
 Synchronization 	
Number of Bases / Groups	
	25
	23
III. PYRAMIDS	
Timing	
Difficulty	
Execution	
Creativity	
Transitions	
	25
	25
IV. BASKET TOSSES	
 Skill Execution and Toss Height 	
 Variety and Sychronization when applicable 	
 Difficulty 	
	15
V THIMDI INC	
V. TUMBLINGDifficulty, Proper Technique, and	
Synchronization when applicable	
 Group Tumbling 	
	10
VI. FLOW OF ROUTINE / TRANSITIONS	
 Contiguity, Pace and Overall Timing of skills, 	
transitions and movement	
	5
	J
VII. OVERALL PRESENTATION, CROWD	
APPEAL	
 Overall Presentation, Showmanship, Crowd 	
Effect	
	10
	10

Penalties

Penalties

10 Points for **EACH** occurrence:

- * Not meeting the NCC's Performance Requirements
- * Violating the NCC's Rules
- * Requesting spotters to leave the competition floor during a performance (Mount only)
- $*\ In appropriate\ movements,\ music,\ language\ (including\ music),\ uniform/wardrobe$
- * Wardrobe malfunction leading to exposed body parts
- * A competitor steps or falls completely off the Competition Floor
- * Safety Rule violations
- * Routine Timing violations

50 Points

* Performing an illegal skill in a division with Level Guidelines

CLARIFICATION: If an injured competitor walks off the floor, no penalty will be assessed. A competitor that walks off should not return to the competition floor.

Protests on Eligibility

- 1. All official protests on **eligibility** must be submitted one (1) week before the Qualifiers (or the Finals in the event there will be no Qualifiers). Any protests on eligibility submitted after the given deadline shall not be entertained.
 - a. All protests must be accompanied by supporting documents.
 - b. Protests may be appealed once, after which the decision of the NCC board is final
- 2. Questions on Eligibility

Any team found to have violated eligibility requirements, found at any time, will be assessed a two (2) year suspension from NCC competitions and other related activities and their participation in the current year will be null and void.

Finality of Decisions

FINAL. Reviews and corrections shall also be at the sole discretion of the judging committee. Clarificatory questions and issues shall be addressed at the discretion of the same. Each team acknowledges the necessity for the judges to make prompt and fair decisions in this competition and each team therefore expressly waives any legal, equitable, administrative or procedural review of such decisions.

Video Taping of the Event

Videotaping of the NATIONAL CHEERLEADING CHAMPIONSHIP Senior (High School) and Collegiate Cheer Program for commercial purposes is NOT permitted. The NCC holds the sole copyright to any reproduction.

Open Advanced Division

Bases/Bracers

- 1. A base shall not assume a backbend, headstand, or handstand position.
- 2. A bracer shall not provide primary support for a flyer.
- 3. In mounts, one of the persons bracing shall be at shoulder height or below with both feet on the floor. **Exception**: The following extended stunts may brace any of the others listed:
 - a. Chair
 - b. Double/triple-base dead-man lift
 - c. Double/triple-base straddle lift
 - d. Extended stunts (except a totem pole) provided the top people have both feet in both hands of their base(s).

Spotting

- 1. The spotter **MUST** stand directly beside or behind (NOT in front) the stunt and may brace the stunt.
- 2. A spotter may help control the building of, or dismounting from, a stunt, but must not provide primary support for the flyer.
- 3. A spotter is required for each top person above prep level.
- 4. A spotter's arms and hands must be in one of the following positions:
 - a. Hands grasping the wrist(s)/forearm(s) of the base(s)
 - b. Hands touching or grasping the ankle(s)/lower leg(s) of the flyer
- 5. A person is not considered a spotter if hand position includes:
 - a. Grabbing **ONLY** the sole of the foot of the flyer.
 - b. Grabbing the hand(s) of the base(s) beneath the flyer's foot.
- 6. The spotter may not be involved in any other choreography during the stunt.
- 7. A spotter's torso cannot be under a stunt.
- 8. An inattentive person is not considered a spotter.
- 9. Single based multiple top persons require a separate spotter for each top person. Extended single leg top persons may **NOT** connect to any other extended single leg top person.

STUNTS

Stunt – any skill in which a top person is supported above the performance surface by one or more bases.

- 1. Single leg **EXTENDED** stunts are allowed.
- 2. Multi-based stunts at prep level or above must have two catchers and a separate spotter with at least one hand/arm supporting the head and shoulder area when cradling.
- 3. Suspended splits are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. There are at least two bases, a back spot and a front spot.
 - b. When dropping to suspended splits, four bases must slow the momentum of the flyer by supporting under her thighs and legs prior to reaching the full split position; or three bases support her under her thighs and legs and the fourth base holds her hands. The flyer must have both hands in contact with a base(s) once she reaches the full split position.

- 4. Extended one legged stunts **MUST** be braced on both sides at prep level or below by a hand/arm connection.
- 5. Tick Tocks are legal with proper spotting.
- 6. Tosses into a stunt are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The toss does not significantly exceed the height of the intended toss.
 - b. The flyer does not land in a loading position for another toss.
- 7. Once a flyer is tossed to a stunt, the flyer cannot be tossed again without first dismounting to a cradle or the performing surface.
- 8. In mounts, one of the persons bracing shall be at shoulder height or below.
- 9. No stunt, pyramid, or individual may move through, over, or under a stunt or pyramid.
- 10. A totem pole is legal provided:
 - a. Each flyer leaning forward is stabilized/supported by the stunt directly in front.
 - b. No extended stunt stabilizes/supports another flyer
 - c. A spotter is present for each extended stunt
- 11. Twisting stunts and transitions to prep level are allowed up to $1\frac{1}{2}$ twisting rotations by the top person in relation to the performance surface.

Clarification: A twist performed with an additional turn by the bases performed in the same skill set, is not allowed if the resulting cumulative rotation of the top person exceeds a 1½ rotation. The safety judge will use the hips of the top person to determine the amount of total rotation a top person performs in a skill set. Once a stunt is hit (i.e. prep) and the athletes show a definite and clear stop with a stationary top person, they may continue to walk the stunt in additional rotation.

- 12. Twisting stunts and transitions to an extended position are allowed under the following conditions:
 - a. Extended skills up to a ½ twist are allowed.
 - Example: A $\frac{1}{2}$ up to extended single leg stunt is allowed.
 - Clarification: Any additional turn performed by the bases in the same skill set would not be allowed if the resulting cumulative rotation of the top person exceeds ½ rotation. The safety judges will use the hips of the top person to determine the amount of total rotation a top person performs in a skill set. Once the stunt is hit (i.e. a prep) and the athletes show a definite and clear stop with a stationary top person, they may continue to walk the stunt in additional rotation.
 - b. Extended skills exceeding a ½ twist but not exceeding 1 twist must land in a 2 -leg stunt, platform position or a liberty (body position variations are not allowed).

Example: A full up (1 twist) to an immediate extended heel stretch is not allowed, but a full up (1 twist) to an extension is allowed.

Clarification 1: An extended platform position must be visibly held prior to executing a single leg (1 leg) stunt other than a liberty.

Clarification 2: Any additional turn performed by the bases in the same skill set would not be allowed if the resulting cumulative rotation of the top person exceeds one (1) rotation. The safety judges will use the hips of the top person to determine the amount of total rotation a top person performs in a skill set. Once the stunt is hit (i.e. a prep) and the athletes show a definite and clear stop with a stationary top person, they may continue to walk the stunt in additional rotation.

- 13. During transitions, at least one (1) base must remain in contact with the top person. **Exception:** See "Release Moves".
- 14. Free flipping mounts and transitions are not allowed.
- 15. No stunt, pyramid or individual may move over or under another separate stunt, pyramid or individual.

Clarification: This rule pertains to an athlete's torso (midsection of aathlete's body) not moving over or under the torso of another athlete; this does not pertain to an athlete's arms or legs. Example: A shoulder sit walking under a prep is not allowed.

Exception 1: An individual may jump over another individual.

Exception 2: An individual may move under a stunt or a stunt may move over an individual.

16. Single based split catches are not allowed.

Transitional Stunts

- 1. During transitional stunts, physical contact must be maintained between the flyer and the base(s).
- 2. When catching a transitional stunt that is above prep level, at least three catchers are required.
- 3. Two (2) catchers must catch the flyer when transitioning over to a stunt and direct physical contact must be maintained between the flyer and a person at prep level or below.
- 4. When a transitional stunt involves changing bases;
 - a. The new base(s) must be to the side or front of the person moving the stunt.
 - b. The base may make no more than a half turn (180 degrees) as they take the flyer to the new base(s).
- 5. A log roll is legal provided it does not involve more than one rotation, the flyer is not in contact with a person in another stunt, and there are four bases/catchers.

Stunt Release Moves

- 1. Release moves are allowed but must not exceed extended arm level.
 - Clarification: If the release move passes above the bases' extended arm level, it will be considered a toss and/or dismount and must follow the appropriate "Toss" and/or "Dismount" rules. To determine the height of a release move, at the highest point of the release, the distance from the hips to the extended arms of the bases will be used to determine the height of the release. If that distance is greater than the length of the top person's legs, it will be considered a toss or dismount and must follow the appropriate "Toss" or "Dismount" rules.
- 2. Release moves may not land in an inverted position. When performing a release move from an inverted position to a non-inverted position, the bottom of the dip will be used to determine if the initial position was inverted. Release moves inverted to non-inverted positions may not twist. Release moves from inverted to non-inverted positions landing at prep level or higher must have a spot.
 - **Exception:** Front handspring up to an extended stunt may include up to a 1/2 twist. Release moves from inverted to non-inverted positions landing at prep level or higher must have a spot.
- 3. Release skills that land in a non-upright position must have three (3) catchers for a multi-based stunt and two (2) catchers for a single based stunt.
- 4. Release moves must return to original bases, unless the original base(s) are not physically capable of catching the release move as designated.
 - **Exception 1:** See Advanced Division Dismount "3".
 - **Exception 2:** Dismounting single based stunts with multiple top persons.
 - Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface without assistance from above waist level.
- 5. Release moves that land in an extended position must originate from waist level or below and may not involve twisting or flipping.
- 6. Release moves initiating from an extended level may **NOT** twist.
- 7. Helicopter tosses are legal. They are limited to a 180-degree rotation with a ½ twist and must be caught by at least 3 catchers, one of which is positioned at head and shoulder area of the flyer. A helicopter toss where the flyer remains in an upright position is limited to a 360-degree rotation.
- 8. Release moves may not intentionally travel.
- 9. Release moves may not pass over, under or through other stunts or individuals.
- 10. Top persons in separate release moves may not come in contact with each other.

Exception: Single based stunts with multiple top persons.

Stunt Inversions

1. Extended inverted stunts are allowed.

2. Downward inversions are allowed at prep level and must be assisted by at least three (3) catchers, at least two (2) of which are positioned to protect the head and shoulder area.

Exception: A controlled lowering of an extended inverted stunt (example: handstand) to shoulder level is allowed.

Clarification 1: The stunt may not pass above prep level and then become inverted at prep level or below. (The momentum of the top person coming down is the primary safety concern.)

Clarification 2: Catchers must make contact with the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area of the top person.

Clarification 3: Downward inversions originating from below prep level do not require three (3) bases.

Exception: Two-leg "Pancake" stunts must start at shoulder level or below and are allowed to immediately pass through the extended position during the skill.

Clarification 4: Two-leg Pancakes cannot stop or land in an inverted position.

3. Downward inversions must maintain contact with an original base.

Exception: Side rotating downward inversions.

Example: In cartwheel-style transitions, the original base may lose contact with the top person when it becomes necessary to do so.

- 4. Downward inversions may NOT come in contact with each other.
- 5. Bases may NOT support any weight of a top person while that base is in a backbend or inverted position.

Clarification: A person standing on the ground is not considered a top person.

PYRAMIDS

Pyramid - A stunt or a group of stunts involving one or more flyers/top persons supported by one or more bases that are linked together.

1. Pyramids must follow Advanced Division "Stunts" and "Dismounts" rules and are allowed up to **two (2) high**.

Exception: Twisting mounts and transitions to extended skills are allowed up to $1\frac{1}{2}$ twists if connected to a bracer at prep level or below. The connection must be made prior to the initiation of the skill and must remain in contact throughout the transition.

2. Top persons must receive primary support from a base.

Exception: Advanced "Pyramid Release Moves"

- 3. Extended single leg (1 leg) stunts may not brace or be braced by any other single leg (1 leg) extended stunts.
- 4. No stunt or pyramid may move over or under another separate stunt or pyramid.

Clarification: A top person may not invert over or under the torso (midsection of an athlete's body) of another top person regardless if the stunt or pyramid is separate or not.

Example: A shoulder sit walking under a prep is not allowed.

Exception 1: An individual may jump over another individual.

Exception 2: An individual may move under a stunt or a stunt may move over an individual.

5. Any skill that is allowed as an Advanced Division Release Move is also allowed if it remains connected to a base and a bracer (or 2 bracers when required).

Example: An extended Pancake would be required to remain connected to 2 bracers.

1. During a pyramid transition, a top person may pass above 2 persons high while in direct physical contact with at least 1 person at prep level or below. Contact must be maintained with the same bracer(s) throughout the entire transition.

Clarification 1: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost.

Exception: While a tick-tock from prep level or higher to an extended position (e.g. low to high and high to high) is not allowed for Advanced Division "Stunts", the same skill is allowed in Advanced Division "Pyramid Release Moves" if the skill is braced by at least 1 person at prep level or below. The top person performing the tick-tock must be braced the entire time during the release from the bases.

Clarification 2: Advanced Division Pyramid Release Moves may incorporate stunt release moves that maintain contact with 1 other top person provided the release move meets the Advanced Division "Stunt Release Moves" or "Dismounts" criteria.

Clarification 3: Twisting stunts and transitions are allowed up to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ twists if connected to at least 1 bracer at prep level or below.

- 2. In a pyramid transition, a top person may travel over another top person while connected to that top person at prep level or below.
- 3. Primary weight may not be borne at the 2nd level. *Clarification: The transition must be continuous.*
- 4. Non-inverted transitional pyramids may involve changing bases under the following conditions: a. The top person must maintain physical contact with a person at prep level or below. Clarification: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost.
 - b. The top person must be caught by at least 2 catchers (minimum of 1 catcher and 1 spotter). Both catchers must be stationary and may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated. (The dip to throw the top person is considered the initiation of the skill).
- 5. Non-inverted pyramid release moves must be caught by at least 2 catchers (minimum of 1 catcher and 1spotter) under the following conditions:
 - a. Both catchers must be stationary.
 - b. Both catchers must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire transition.
- 6. Release moves may not be braced / connected to the top persons above prep level.

Pyramids – Inversions

1. Must follow Advanced Division "Stunt Inversions" rules.

Pyramids – Release Moves w/ Braced Inversions

- 1. Pyramid transitions may involve braced inversions (including braced flips) while released from the bases if contact is maintained with at least 2 persons at prep level or below. Contact must be maintained with the same bracer throughout entire transition.
 - Clarification 1: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost.
 - Clarification 2: Braced flips must be braced on 2 separate sides (i.e. right side left side, left side-back side, etc.) by 2 separate bracers. (Example: Two bracers on the same arm will no longer be permitted). A top person must be braced on 2 of the 4 sides (front, back, right or left) of their body.
- 2. Braced inversions (including braced flips) are allowed up to **one and a quarter** (1¹/₄) **flipping** rotations and **zero** (0) **twisting** rotations.
- 3. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may not involve changing bases.
- 4. Braced inversions (including braced flips) must be in continuous movement.
- 5. All braced inversions (including braced flips) that do not twist must be caught by at least 3 catchers.

Exception: Brace flips that land in an upright position at prep level or above require a minimum of 1 catcher and 2 spotters.

a. All required catchers/spotters must be stationary.

b. All required catchers/spotters must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire

transition.

- c. The required catchers/spotters may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated. (The dip to throw the top person is considered the initiation of the skill.)
- 6. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may NOT travel downward while inverted.
- 7. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may not come in contact with other stunt/pyramid release moves.
- 8. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may not be braced/connected to top persons above prep level

TOSSES

- 1. In all tosses including but not limited to baskets, sponges:
 - a. The flyer must be directed vertically and be caught face up in a cradle position by the original tossers.
 - b. The catchers and spotter must remain in their original positions unless making adjustments for safety purposes. No traveling tosses.
- 2. Tosses must be performed from ground level bases.
- 3. A catcher (spotter) must always be in position to spot the head and neck areas of the flyer.
- 4. Basket tosses must not involve more than four (4) tossers, including the person who may set or "load" the flyer. One of the tossers must be behind the flyer during the toss and may assist the flyer into the toss.
- 5. Tosses must be performed with all bases having their feet on the performing surface and must land in a cradle position. Top person must be caught in a cradle position by at least three (3) original bases one of which is positioned at the head and shoulder area of the top person. Bases must remain stationary during the toss.

Example: No intentional traveling tosses.

Exception: A ½ turn is allowed by bases as in a kick full basket.

- 6. Flipping, inverted or traveling tosses are not allowed.
- 7. No stunt, pyramid, individual, or, prop may move over or under a toss, and a toss may not be thrown over, under, or through stunts, pyramids, individuals, or props.
- 8. Up to two (2) tricks allowed during a toss. Example: Kick full, full up toe touch.
- 9. The top person in a toss must have both feet in / on hands of bases when the toss is initiated.
- 10. During a toss that exceeds 1½ twisting rotations, no skill other than the twist is allowed. Example: No kick double tosses.
- 11. Tosses may not exceed 2½ twisting rotations.
- 12. Top persons in separate basket tosses may not come in contact with each other and must become free of all contact from bases, bracers and/or top persons.
- 13. Only a single top person is allowed during a basket toss.

DISMOUNTS

Note: Movements are only considered "Dismounts" if released to a cradle or released and assisted to the performing surface.

- 1. All dismounts to the performing surface from shoulder height or above must have assisted landings.
- 2. For all cradle dismounts, the catcher(s) must have continuous visual contact with the flyer.
- 3. When cradling, the flyer must always land in a face-up position.
- 4. For all cradle dismounts, the catcher(s) must have continuous visual contact with the flyer.
- 5. Bases/catchers must not move during dismounts except for safety purposes.
- 6. When cradling from extended multi-base stunts at least two catchers are required. Note: Movements are only considered "Dismounts" if released to a cradle or released and assisted to the performance surface.
- 7. Cradles from single based stunts must have a separate spotter with at least (one) 1 hand/arm supporting the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area through the cradle.
- 8. Cradles from multi-based stunts must have (two) 2 catchers and a separate spotter with at least (one)1 hand/arm supporting the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area through the cradle.
- 9. Dismounts must return to the original base(s).
 - **Exception 1:** Dismounts to the performance surface must be assisted by either an original base(s) and/or a spotter(s). Free flipping skills to the performance floor are prohibited. **Exception 2:** Straight drops or small hop offs, with no additional skill(s), from the waist level or below are the only dismounts allowed to the performing surface without assistance. *Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface from above waist level without assistance.*
- 10. Up to a 2½ twisting rotations are allowed from all stunts.

 Clarification: Twisting from a platform position may not exceed ½ rotations. A Platform is not considered a 2-leg stunt. There are specific exceptions given for the platform body position within the Advanced Division "Stunts" regarding Twisting Stunts and Transitions specifically.
- 11. Up to a 1¼ twisting rotations are allowed from all single leg (1 leg) stunts.

 Clarification: A Platform is not considered a 2 leg stunt. There are specific exceptions given for the platform body position within the Advanced Division "Stunts" regarding Twisting Stunts and Transitions specifically.
- 12. No stunt, pyramid, individual, or prop may move over or under a dismount, and a dismount may not be thrown over, under, or through stunts, pyramids, individuals, or prop.
- 13. During a cradle that exceeds $1\frac{1}{4}$ twists, no skill other than the twist is allowed.
- 14. No free flipping dismounts allowed.
- 15. Dismounts may not intentionally travel.
- 16. Top persons in dismounts may not come in contact with each other while released from the bases.
- 17. Tension drops/rolls of any kind are not allowed.
- 18. When cradling single based stunts with multiple top persons, two (2) catchers must catch each top person. Catchers and bases must be stationary prior to the initiation of dismount.
- 19. Dismounts from an inverted position may not twist.
- 20. Bases must not move during dismounts except for safety purposes.

21. No skill shall be performed prior to landing on the performing surface or on dismount cradles.

TUMBLING

1. All tumbling must originate from and land on the performing surface.

Clarification: A tumbler may rebound from his/her feet into a transition. If the rebound from the tumbling pass involves hip-over-head rotation, then the tumbler/top person must be caught and stopped in a non-inverted position before continuing into the hip-over-head transition or stunt.

Example: Round off handspring g and then a bump or contact from a base or bracer straight into a back flip would break this rule for the Beginner/L0 – Elite/L5 Divisions. A clear separation from the tumbling to the stunt is needed to make this legal. Catching the rebound and then dipping to create the throw for the rotation is legal. This would also be true if coming from just a standing back handspring without the round off.

- 2. Free flipping skills into a stunt, pyramid or cradle are illegal.
- 3. Tumbling over, under or through a stunt, individual, or prop is not allowed. *Clarification: An individual may jump over another individual.*
- 4. Tumbling while holding or in contact with any prop is not allowed.
- 5. Spotted, assisted, or connected tumbling where two or more individuals are in direct physical contact with each other is prohibited. Spotters are not permitted to assist in tumbling skills. (i.e. toe pitch flip or double cartwheels are prohibited.)
- 6. Dive rolls are allowed:

Exception 1: Dive rolls performed in a swan/arched position are not allowed.

Exception 2: Dive rolls that involve twisting are not allowed.

7. Jumps are not considered a tumbling skill from a legalities point of view. Therefore, if a jump skill is included in a tumbling pass, the jump will break up the pass.

Example: If an athlete in Advanced/L4 performs a round off - toe touch - back handspring- whip-layout, this combination of skills would not be allowed since consecutive flip-flip combinations are not allowed within the Advanced/L4 Standing Tumbling regulations.

8. STANDING TUMBLING

- a. Standing flips and flips from a back handspring entry are allowed.
- b. Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and zero (0) twisting rotations.

Exception: Aerial cartwheels and Onodis are allowed.

c. Consecutive flip-flip combinations are not allowed.

Example: Back tuck – back tuck, back tuck – punch front are not allowed.

d. Jump skills are not allowed in immediate combination with a standing flip.

Example: Toe touch back tucks, back tuck toe touches, pike jump front flips are not allowed.

Clarification 1: Jumps connected to ¾ front flips are not allowed.

Clarification 2: Toe touch back handspring back tucks are allowed because the flip skill is not connected immediately after the jump skills.

7. RUNNING TUMBLING:

a. Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and zero (0) twisting rotations.

Exception: Aerial cartwheels and Onodis are allowed.

DROPS

- 1. Drops including but not limited to knee, seat, thigh, front, back, and split drops from an airborne position are illegal unless majority of the weight is first borne on the hands/feet or is controlled to absorb the impact of the drop.
- 2. Tension drops/rolls are illegal.
- 3. A handspring/flip over to any drop is illegal.

2024 Level Rules

ODEN ADVA	NCED CHEER DIVISION		
	NCED CHEER DIVISION		
Standing	Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and zero (0) twisting		
Tumbling	rotations.		
Running	Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and zero (0) twisting		
Tumbling	rotations.		
Stunts	 Single leg extended stunts are allowed. Twisting stunts and transitions to prep level are allowed up to 1½ twisting rotations by the top person in relation to the performance surface. Twisting stunts and transitions to an extended position are allowed under the following conditions: a. Extended skills up to ½ twist are allowed. b. Extended skills exceeding a ½ twist but not exceeding one (1) twist must land in a 2-leg stunt, platform position or a liberty (body position variations are not allowed. Free flipping mounts and transitions are not allowed. 		
Dismounts	 Up to a 2¼ twisting rotations are allowed from all 2 leg stunts. Clarification: Twisting from a platform position may not exceed 1 ¼ rotations. A Platform is not considered a -leg stunt. There are specific exceptions given for the platform body position within the Advanced Division "Stunts" regarding Twisting Stunts and Transitions specifically. Up to a 1¼ twisting rotations are allowed from all single leg (1 leg) stunts. Clarification: A Platform is not considered a 2 - leg stunt. There are specific exceptions given for the platform body position within the Advanced Division "Stunts" regarding Twisting Stunts and Transitions specifically. During a cradle that exceeds 1¼ twists, no skill other than the twist is allowed. No free flipping dismounts are allowed. 		
Release Moves	 Release moves are allowed but must not exceed extended arm level. Release moves may not land in an inverted position. Release moves that land in an extended position must originate from waist level or below and may not involve twisting or flipping. Release moves initiating from an extended level may not twist. For Pyramids, braced inversions (including braced flips) are allowed up to 1¼ flipping rotations and 0 twisting rotations. 		
Inversions	 Downward inversions are allowed at prep level and must be assisted by at least three (3) catchers, at least two (2) of which are positioned to protect the head and shoulder area. Exception: A controlled lowering of an extended inverted stunt (example: handstand) to shoulder level is allowed. Bases may not support any weight of a top person while that base is in a backbend or inverted position. 		
Pyramids	 Pyramids are limited to two (2) levels high. Extended single leg (1 leg) stunts may not brace or be braced by any other single leg (1 leg) extended stunts. 		
Tosses	 Up to two (2) tricks allowed during a toss. During a toss that exceeds 1½ twisting rotations, no skill other than the twist is allowed. Tosses may not exceed 2¼ twisting rotations. 		

OPEN ADVANCED DIVISON

Open Elite Division

Bases/Bracers

- 1. A base shall not assume a backbend, headstand, or handstand position.
- 2. A bracer shall not provide primary support for a flyer.
- 3. In mounts, one of the persons bracing shall be at shoulder height or below with both feet on the floor. **Exception**: The following extended stunts may brace any of the others listed:
 - e. Chair
 - f. Double/triple-base dead-man lift
 - g. Double/triple-base straddle lift
 - h. Extended stunts (except a totem pole) provided the top people have both feet in both hands of their base(s).
 - i. Double cupies

Spotting

- 1. The spotter must stand directly beside or behind the stunt and continue to spot through the cradle. The spotter may not be involved in any other choreography during the stunt.
- 2. A spotter may help control the building of, or dismounting from, a stunt, but must not provide primary support for the flyer.
- 3. A spotter is required for all extended stunts except for the following:
 - c. Chair
 - d. Russian lift (arm pit lift)
 - e. Low Torch

 - f. Double-base split catchg. Triple-base dead-man lifth. Triple-base extended suspended splits
 - i. Double base vertical T-lift
- 4. A spotter's arms and hands must be in one of the following positions:
 - a. Hands grasping the wrist(s)/forearm(s) of the base(s)
 - b. Hands touching or grasping the ankle(s)/lower leg(s) of the flyer
- 5. A person is not considered a spotter if hand position includes:
 - a. Grabbing **ONLY** the sole of the foot of the flyer.
 - b. Grabbing the hand(s) of the base(s) beneath the flyer's foot.
- 6. The spotter may not be involved in any other choreography during the stunt.
- 7. A spotter's torso cannot be under a stunt.
- 8. A separate spotter is required for each flyer in an extended single-based double cupie.
- 9. An inattentive person is not considered a spotter.

STUNTS

- 1. Single-based stunts at prep level or above must have a spotter assisting the cradle with at least one hand/arm supporting the head and shoulder area when cradling.
- 2. Multi-based stunts at prep level or above must have two catchers and a separate spotter with at least one hand/arm supporting the head and shoulder area when cradling.
- 3. When catching a transitional stunt that is above prep level, at least three catchers are required. If the weight of the flyer does not remain within the vertical axis of the stunt, three stationary

catchers that are not original bases are required. Physical contact must be maintained with at least one original base or with a person at prep level or below when level rules allow.

- 4. Extended one-legged stunts may not brace any other extended stunts.
- 5. In mounts, one of the persons bracing shall be at shoulder height or below. **Exception**: The following extended stunts may brace any of the others listed:
 - a. Chair
 - b. Double/triple-base deadman lift
 - c. Double/triple-base straddle lift
 - d. Extended stunts (except a totem pole) provided the top people have both feet in both hands of their base(s).
 - e. Double cupies
- 6. Twisting stunts and transitions are allowed up to 2 ¼ twisting rotations by the top person in relation to the performance surface.

Clarification: A twist performed with an additional turn by the bases performed in the same skill set, would be illegal if the resulting cumulative rotation of the top person exceeds 2½ rotations. The safety judge will use the hips of the top person to determine the amount of total rotation a top person performs in a skill set. Once a stunt ishit (i.e. prep) and the athletes show a definite and clear stop with a stationary top person, they may continue to walk the stunt in additional rotation.

- 7. No stunt, pyramid, or individual may move through, over, or under a stunt or pyramid. **Exception:** Entrance skills or transitional stunts where a flyer moves over or under an original base that is in direct weight-bearing contact with the performance floor (i.e. dirty bird, scooper, leap frog, vault over, etc).
- 8. Tension drops/tension rolls from any elevated stunt are prohibited.
- 9. A totem pole is legal provided:
 - a. Each flyer leaning forward is stabilized/supported by the stunt directly in front
 - b. No extended stunt stabilizes/supports another flyer
 - c. A spotter is present for each extended stunt
- 10. A swinging stunt is legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The flyer is swung in an upward direction
 - b. The flyer is in a face-up position
- 11. Suspended side splits are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. There are at least two bases.
 - b. When dropping to suspended splits, four bases must slow the momentum of the flyer by supporting under her thighs and legs prior to reaching the full split position; or three bases support her under her thighs and legs and the fourth base holds her hands. The flyer must have both hands in contact with a base(s) once she reaches the full split position.
- 12. Single-based split catches or straddle catches are prohibited.
- 13. In a single-base log roll, the flyer:
 - a. Must initiate the rotation toward the base.
 - b. Must begin and end in a face-up position.
- 14. Once a flyer is tossed to a stunt, they cannot be tossed again without first dismounting to a cradle or the performing surface.

Transitional Stunts

- 1. During transitional stunts, physical contact must be maintained between the flyer and the base(s) except when all of the following conditions are met:
 - b. The flyer is braced.
 - c. The flyer does not become inverted.
 - d. The flyer has at least two bases and a spotter throughout the transition.
 - e. Each bracer has a separate spotter, if bracer is at the second level.

- 2. When a transitional stunt involves changing bases;
 - a. The new base(s) must be to the side or front of the person moving the stunt.
 - b. The base may make no more than a half turn (180 degrees) as they take the flyer to the new base(s).
- 3. A log roll is legal provided it does not involve more than two rotations and the flyer is not in contact with a person in another stunt.
- 4. In multi-base log rolls:
 - a. With fewer than four catchers, the flyer must begin and end in a face-up position.
 - b. With four catchers, the flyer may be caught in a face-up or face-down in a layout position.
 - c. Helicopter tosses are legal. They are limited to a 180-degree rotation with a ½ twist and must be caught by at least three (3) catchers, one of which is positioned at head and shoulder area of the flyer. A helicopter toss where the flyer remains in an upright prone position is limited to a 360-degree rotation.
- 5. A forward suspended flip is legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. It begins from a double base stunt with the flyer standing at shoulder height or below.
 - b. The flyer maintains continuous hand-to-hand/arm **or hand-to-foot/leg** contact with the original two bases.
 - c. The bases control the flyer's dismount to the performing surface or cradle.

Stunt Release Moves

- 1. Release moves to any split or straddle position that is not supported by the middle base are illegal.
- 2. Release moves into a stunt are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The toss does not significantly exceed the height of the intended toss.
 - b. The flyer does not land in a loading position for another toss.
- 3. Release moves are allowed but must not exceed more than 18 inches / 46 centimeters above extended arm level.

Clarification: If the release move exceeds more than 18 inches/46 centimeters above the bases' extended arm level, it will be considered a toss or a dismount, and must follow the appropriate "Toss" or "Dismount" rules.

- 4. Release moves may not land in an inverted position. When performing a release move from an inverted position to a non-inverted position, the bottom of the dip will be used to determine if the initial position was inverted. Release moves inverted to non-inverted positions may not twist. <u>Exception</u>: Front handspring up to an extended stunt may include up to a ½ twist. Release moves from inverted to non-inverted positions landing at prep level or higher must have a spot.
- 5. Release skills that land in a non-upright position must have 3 catches for a multi-based stunt and 2 catchers for a single based stunt.
- 6. Release moves must return to original bases.

Exception: See Elite Division Dismount "7".

Exception: Dismounting single based stunts with multiple top persons.

Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface without assistance from above waist level.

- 7. Helicopter tosses are legal. They are limited to a 180-degree rotation with a ½ twist and must be caught by at least 3 catchers, one of which is positioned at head and shoulder area of the flyer. A helicopter toss where the flyer remains in an upright position is limited to a 360-degree rotation.
- 8. Release moves may not intentionally travel.
- 9. Release moves may not pass over, under or through other stunts, pyramids or individuals.
- 10. Top persons in separate release moves may not come in contact with each other.

Exception: Single based stunts with multiple top persons.

Stunt Inversions

- 1. Extended inverted stunts are allowed.
- 2. Downward inversions are allowed from prep level and above and must be assisted by at least three (3) catchers, at least two (2) of which are positioned to protect the head and shoulder area. Contact must be initiated at the shoulder level (or above) of the bases.

Clarification 1: Catchers must make contact with the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area.

Clarification 2: Downward inversion originating from prep level or below do not require three (3) catchers. If the stunt begins at prep level or below and passes above prep level it requires three (3) catchers. (The momentum of the top person coming down is the primary safety concern.)

Exception: A controlled lowering of an extended inverted stunt (example: Handstand) to shoulder level is allowed.

3. Downward inversions must maintain contact with an original base.

Exception: The original base may lose contact with the top person when it becomes necessary to do so. Example: Cartwheel-style transition dismounts.

- 4. Downward inversions from above prep level:
 - a. May not stop in an inverted position. Example: A cartwheel roll off would be legal because the top person is landing on their feet.

Exception: A controlled lowering of an extended inverted stunt (example: handstand) to shoulder level is allowed.

b. May not land on or touch the ground while inverted.

Clarification: Prone or supine landings from an extended stunt must visibly stop in a non-inverted position and be held before any inversion to the ground.

- 5. Downward inversions may **NOT** come in contact with each other.
- 6. Bases may not support any weight of a top person while that base is in a backbend or inverted position.

Clarification: A person standing on the ground is not considered a top person.

PYRAMIDS

- 1. Pyramids are allowed up to **two (2) levels high**.
- 2. Pyramids must follow Elite Division "Stunts" and "Dismounts" rules.
- 3. Top persons must receive primary support from a base. **Exception:** See Elite Division "Pyramids Release Moves".

Pyramid Release Moves

1. During a pyramid transition, a top person may pass above two (2) persons high while in direct physical contact with at least one (1) person at prep level or below. Contact must be maintained with the same bracer throughout the entire transition.

Clarification: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost.

2. Primary weight may NOT be borne at the 2nd level. *Clarification: The transition must be continuous.*

- 3. Non-inverted pyramid release moves must be caught by at least two (2) catchers (minimum of one (1) catcher and one (1) spotter) under the following conditions:
 - a. Both catchers must be stationary.
 - b. Both catchers must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire transition.

- 4. Non inverted transitional pyramids may involve changing bases. When changing bases:
 - a. The top person must maintain physical contact with a person at prep level or below. Clarification: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact *with the bracer(s) is lost.*
 - b. The top person must be caught by at least two (2) catchers (minimum of one (1) catcher and one (1) spotter). Both catchers must be stationary and may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated. (The dip to throw the top person is considered the initiation of the skill.)
- 5. Release moves may not be braced / connected to the top persons above prep level.
- 6. A hanging pyramid is legal provided:
 - a. The base(s) remain stationary.
 - b. Spotters are present for each shoulder stand.
 - c. Base(s) shall maintain constant contact with the suspended person.
 - d. Suspended person is lower than the shoulder stand(s).
 - e. Suspended person's feet are hanging free.
 - f. Suspended person is not inverted.
 - g. Suspended person does not rotate on the dismount.

Pyramid Inversions

1. Must follow Elite Division "Stunt Inversions" rules.

Pyramid Release Moves with Braced Inversions

- 1. Pyramid transitions may involve braced inversions (including braced flips) while released from the bases if contact is maintained with at least 1 person at prep level or below. Contact must be maintained with the same bracer throughout entire transition. Clarification: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost.
- 2. Braced inversions (including braced flips) are allowed up to 1¼ flipping rotations and one (1) twisting rotations.
- 3. Braced inversions (including braced flips) that exceed ½ twisting rotations are only allowed up to a ³/₄ flipping rotation provided release is initiated from an upright, non-inverted position, doesn't transition past a horizontal position (i.e. cradle, flat back, prone) and doesn't exceed 1 twisting rotation.
 - Clarification: ALLOWED An athlete tossed from an upright, non-inverted position (i.e. basket toss or sponge) performing a full twist and a backward 3/4 rotation to a prone position while in contact with 1 bracer.
- 4. Inverted transitional pyramids may involve changing bases.
- 5. Braced inversions (including braced flips) must be in continuous movement.
- 6. All braced inversions (including braced flips) that do not twist must be caught by at least three (3) catchers.

Exception: Brace flips that land in an upright position at prep level or above require a minimum of one (1) catcher and two (2) spotters.

- a. The three (3) catchers/spotters must be stationary.b. The three (3) catchers spotters must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire transition.
- c. The three (3) catchers/spotters may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated. (The dip to throw the top person is considered the initiation of the
- 7. All braced inversions (including braced flips) that twist (including \(\frac{1}{4} \) twist or more) must be caught by at least three (3) catchers. All three (3) catchers must make contact during the catch.
 - a. The catchers must be stationary.

- b. The catchers must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire transition.
- c. The catchers may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated. (The dip to throw the top person is considered the initiation of the skill.)
- 8. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may not travel downward while inverted.
- 9. Braced flips may not come in contact with other stunt/pyramid release moves.
- 10. Braced inversions (including braced flips) may not be braced/connected to top persons above prep level.

DISMOUNTS

Note: Movements are only considered "Dismounts" if released to a cradle or released and assisted to the performing surface.

- 1. When cradling, the flyer must always land in a face-up position.
- 2. For all cradle dismounts, the catcher(s) must have continuous visual contact with the flyer.
- 3. Bases/catchers must not move during dismounts except for safety purposes.
- 4. When cradling from extended multi-base stunts at least two catchers are required.
- 5. Cradles from single based stunts must have a separate spotter with at least (one) 1 hand/arm supporting the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area through the cradle.
- 6. Cradles from multi-based stunts must have (two) 2 catchers and a separate spotter with at least (one)1 hand/arm supporting the waist to shoulder region to protect the head and shoulder area through the cradle.
- 7. Dismounts must return to the original base(s).

 Exception 1: Dismounts to the performance surface must be assisted by either an original base(s) and/or a spotter(s). Free flipping skills to the performance floor are prohibited.

 Exception 2: Straight drops or small hop offs, with no additional skill(s), from the waist level or below are the only dismounts allowed to the performing surface without assistance.

 Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface from above waist level without assistance.
- 8. Up to a 2 ¼ twisting rotations are allowed from all stunts.
- 9. No stunt, pyramid, individual, or prop may move over or under a dismount, and a dismount may not be thrown over, under, or through stunts, pyramids, individuals, or prop.
- 10. No free flipping dismounts allowed. All dismounts to the performing surface from shoulder height or above must have assisted landings.
- 11. For all cradle dismounts, the catcher(s) must have continuous visual contact with the flyer.
- 12. Dismounts may NOT intentionally travel. Bases must not move during dismounts except for safety purposes.
- 13. Top persons in dismounts may not come in contact with each other while released from the bases.
- 14. Tension drops/rolls of any kind are not allowed.
- 15. When cradling single based stunts with multiple top persons, two (2) catchers must catch each top person. Catchers and bases must be stationary prior to the initiation of dismount.
- 16. Dismounts from an inverted position may not twist.

TOSSES

- 1. Basket tosses must not involve more than four (4) tossers, including the person who may set or "load" the flyer. One of the tossers must be behind the flyer during the toss and may assist the flyer into the toss.
- 2. Tosses must be performed with all bases having their feet on the performing surface and must land in a cradle position. Top person must be caught in a cradle position by at least three (3) original bases one of which is positioned at the head and shoulder area of the top person. Bases must remain stationary during the toss.

Example: No intentional traveling tosses.

Exception: A ½ turn is allowed by bases as in a kick full basket.

- 3. The top person in a toss must have both feet in / on hands of bases when the toss is initiated.
- 4. Flipping, inverted or traveling tosses are not allowed.
- 5. No stunt, pyramid or individual may move over or under a toss and a toss may not be thrown over, under or through stunts, pyramids, individuals or props.
- 6. Up to 2½ twisting rotations allowed.
- 7. Top persons in separate basket tosses may not come in contact with each other and must become free of all contact from bases, bracers and/or top persons.
- 8. Only a single top person is allowed during a basket toss.
- 9. A catcher (spotter) must always be in position to spot the head and neck areas of the flyer.

TUMBLING

- All tumbling must originate from and land on the performing surface.
 Clarification: A tumbler may rebound from his/her feet into a transition. If the rebound from the tumbling pass involves hip-over-head rotation, then the tumbler/top person must be caught and stopped in a non-inverted position before continuing into the hip-over-head transition or stunt.
 Example: Round off handspring and then a bump or contact from a base or bracer straight into a back flip would break this rule for the Elite/L5 Divisions. A clear separation from the tumbling to the stunt is needed to make this legal. Catching the rebound and then dipping to create the throw for the rotation is legal. This would also be true if coming from just a standing back handspring without the round off.
- 2. Tumbling over, under, or through a stunt, individual, or prop, is not allowed. *Clarification: An individual may jump over another individual.*
- 3. Tumbling while holding or in contact with any prop is not allowed.
- 4. Dive rolls are allowed.

Exception: Dive rolls that involve twisting are not allowed.

- 5. Jumps are not considered a tumbling skill from a legalities point of view. Therefore, if a jump skill is included in a tumbling pass, the jump will break up the pass.
- 6. **STANDING TUMBLING:** Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and one (1) twisting rotation.
- 7. **RUNNING TUMBLING:** Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and one (1) twisting rotation.

DROPS

1. Drops including but not limited to knee, seat, thigh, front, back, and split drops from an airborne position are illegal unless majority of the weight is first borne on the hands/feet or is controlled to absorb the impact of the drop.

- 2. Tension drops/rolls are illegal.
- 3. A handspring/flip over to any drop is illegal.

2024 Level Rules

OPEN ELITE	CHEER DIVISION		
Standing	 Skills are limited to one (1) flipping and one (1) twisting 		
Tumbling	rotation.		
Running	Skills are limited to one (1) flipping and one (1) twisting		
Tumbling	rotation.		
Stunts	 Transitional stunts may involve changing bases. Physical contact during transitions must be maintained with a person at prep level or below. Twisting mounts and twisting transitions are permitted up to two and a quarter (21/4) twisting rotations by the flyer in relation to the performance surface. Constant hand-to-hand/arm or hand-to-foot/leg must be continuously maintained up until the cradle dismount. 		
	 Free flipping mounts and transitions are not allowed. 		
Dismounts	 Up to two and one-fourth (2 ¼) twisting rotations allowed from all stunts. No free flipping dismounts allowed. 		
Release Moves	 Release moves are allowed but must NOT exceed more than 18 inches / 46 centimeters above extended arm level. If it exceeds prescribed height then it will be considered either a toss or a dismount. Release moves may NOT land in an inverted position. Release skills that land in a non-upright position must have 3 catches for a multi-based stunt and 2 catchers for a single based stunt. 		
Inversions	 Downward inversions are allowed from prep level and above and must be assisted by at least three (3) catchers, at least two (2) of which are positioned to protect the head and shoulder area. Contact must be initiated at the shoulder level (or above) of the bases. Downward inversions from above prep level: May NOT stop in an inverted position May NOT land on or touch the ground while inverted. 		
Pyramids	 Pyramids are limited to two (2) levels ONLY but can consist of a combination of full-man or half-man high skills. During a pyramid transition, a top person may pass above two (2) persons high while in direct physical contact with at least one (1) person at prep level or below. Contact must be maintained with the same bracer throughout the entire transition. Clarification: Contact must be made with a base on the performing surface BEFORE contact with the bracer(s) is lost. Braced flips are allowed if physical contact is maintained with at least one (1) bracer at prep level or below and must be caught by at least three (3) catchers. Braced inversions (including braced flips) are allowed up to 1¼ flipping rotations and one (1) twisting rotations. 		
Tosses	 Up to two and one-half (2½) twisting rotations allowed. Flipping, inverted or traveling tosses are not allowed. 		

Open Premier Division

Bases

1. A base shall not assume a backbend, headstand, or handstand position.

Spotting

- 1. The spotter must stand directly beside or behind the stunt and continue to spot through the cradle. The spotter may not be involved in any other choreography during the stunt.
- 2. A spotter may help control the building of, or dismounting from, a stunt, but must not provide primary support for the flyer.
- 3. An inattentive person is not considered a spotter.
- 4. A spotter's torso cannot be under a stunt.
- 5. A person is not considered a spotter if hand position includes:
 - a. Grabbing only the sole of the foot of the flyer.
 - b. Grabbing the hand(s) of the base(s) beneath the flyer's foot.
- 6. A spotter is required:
 - a. During one-arm (1-arm) stunts above prep level, other than cupies or liberties. *Clarification: A one-arm heel stretch, arabesque, high torch, scorpions, bow and arrow, etc., require a spotter.*
 - b. When the load/transition involves:
 - i. A release move with a twist greater than 360 degrees.
 - ii. A release move with an inverted position landing at prep level or below.
 - iii. A free flip.
- 7. During stunts in which the top person is in an inverted position above prep level.
- 8. When the top person is released from above ground level to a one-arm (1 arm) stunt.

STUNTS⁶

- 1. Single-based extended stunts are prohibited.
- 2. Single leg (1 leg) extended stunts are allowed.
- 3. Dismounts to the performing surface from stunts and pyramids must be assisted.
- 4. Tension drops/rolls from any stunt are prohibited.
- 5. Suspended splits are legal provided there at least two bases.
- 6. Tick Tocks are legal with proper spotting.
- 7. Tosses into a stunt are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The toss does not significantly exceed the height of the intended toss.
 - b. The flyer does not land in a loading position for another toss.
- 8. Once a flyer is tossed to a stunt, the flyer cannot be tossed again without first dismounting to a cradle or the performing surface.

⁶ **Stunt** – any skill in which a top person is supported above the performance surface by one or more bases.

Pyramid – A stunt or a group of stunts involving one or more flyers/top persons supported by one or more bases that are linked together. Also includes stunts whereby a top person is being lifted by another person who is not in direct weight bearing contact with the performance surface. (i.e. 1-1-1, 2-1-1, 1-1-2 pyramids and the like)

- 9. Twisting stunts and transitions are allowed up to 2 ½ twisting rotations by the top person in relation to the performance surface.
 - Clarification: A twist performed with an additional turn by the bases performed in the same skill set, would be illegal if the resulting cumulative rotation of the top person exceeds 2 ½ rotations. The safety judge will use the hips of the top person to determine the amount of total rotation a top person performs in a skill set. Once a stunt ishit (i.e. prep) and the athletes show a definite and clear stop with a stationary top person, they may continue to walk the stunt in additional rotation.
- 10. Rewinds (Free flipping) and assisted flipping stunts and transitions are allowed. Rewinds must originate from ground level only and are allowed up to 1 flipping and 1 ¼ twisting rotations. Exception 1: Rewinds to a cradle position are 1 ¼ flips. All rewinds caught below shoulder level must use 2 catchers. (Example: a rewind that lands in a cradle position)
 Exception 2: Round off rewinds and standing single back handspring rewinds are allowed. No tumbling skills prior to the round-off or standing back handspring are permitted.

Clarification: Free flipping stunts and transitions that do not start on the performing surface are not allowed.

Clarification: Toe pitch, leg pitch and similar types of tosses are not allowed in initiating free flipping skills.

- 11. Single based split catches are not allowed.
- 12. Single based stunts with multiple top persons require a separate spotter for each top person.
- 13. In a single-base log roll, the flyer must initiate the rotation toward the base and begin and end in a face-up position.

Transitional Stunts

- 1. When catching a transitional stunt that is above prep level, at least three catchers are required.
- 2. Two (2) catchers must catch the flyer when transitioning over to a stunt and direct physical contact must be maintained between the flyer and a person at prep level or below.
- 3. A log roll is legal provided it does not involve more than two rotations and the flyer is not in contact with a person in another stunt.
- 4. When changing bases from a stunt above prep level at least two (2) bases are required to catch the flyer.
- 5. When a transitional stunt involves changing bases:
 - a. The new base(s) must be to the side or front of the flyer.
 - b. The bases may make no more than a whole turn (360 degrees) as they take the flyer to the new base(s).
- 6. A log roll is legal provided it does not involve more than two rotations and the flyer is not in contact with a person in another stunt.

Stunt Release Moves

- 1. Release moves into a stunt are legal provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The toss does not significantly exceed the height of the intended toss.
 - b. The flyer does not land in a loading position for another toss.
- 2. Release moves are allowed but must not exceed more than 18 inches / 46 centimeters above extended arm level.

Clarification: If the release move exceeds more than 18 inches/46 centimeters above the bases' extended arm level, it will be considered a toss or a dismount, and must follow the appropriate "Toss" or "Dismount" rules.

- 3. Release moves may not land in an inverted position.
- 4. Release moves must return to original bases.

Exception 1: Coed style bases to a new base are allowed if the stunt is thrown by a single base and caught by at least one base and an additional spotter who are not involved in any other skill or choreography when the transitions is initiated.

Exception 2: Toss single based stunts with multiple top persons are allowed without returning to original base(s). The original base may become a required spotter in toss single based stunts with multiple top persons.

Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface without assistance from above waist level.

- 5. Helicopter tosses are legal. They are limited to a 180-degree rotation with a ½ twist and must be caught by at least 3 catchers, one of which is positioned at head and shoulder area of the flyer. A helicopter toss where the flyer remains in an upright position is limited to a 360-degree rotation.
- 6. Release moves may not intentionally travel. See exception in #3 above.
- 7. Release moves may not pass over, under or through other stunts, pyramids or individuals.
- 8. Top persons in separate release moves may not come in contact with each other. **Exception:** Single based stunts with multiple top persons.

Stunt Inversions

1. Downward inversions from above prep level must be assisted by at least two (2) catchers. Top person must maintain contact with a base.

PYRAMIDS

- 1. Pyramids are allowed up to 2½ high.
- 2. For 2½ high pyramids, there must be at least two (2) spotters, one providing additional pyramid support, and both designated for each person who is above two (2) persons high and whose primary support does not have at least one (1) foot on the ground. Both spotters must be in position as the top person is loading onto the pyramid. One (1) spotter must be behind the top person and the other spotter must be in front of the top person or at the side of the pyramid in a position to get to the top person if they were to dismount forward. Once a pyramid shows adequate stability and just prior to the dismount, this spotter can move back to catch the cradle. As pyramid design varies greatly, we recommend a review of any new pyramids where the spotting position may be in question.
 - Clarification: For all tower pyramids, there must be a spotter who is not in contact with the pyramid in place behind the top person and one bracer to assist the thigh stand middle layer.
- 3. Free-flying mounts originating from ground level and above may not originate in a handstand position, and are allowed up to (one) 1 flipping (3/4 maximum free flip between release and catch) and one (1) twisting rotation, or zero (0) flipping and two (2) twisting rotations.

 Clarification: Free-flying mounts may not significantly exceed the height of the intended skill and may not pass over, under or through other stunts, pyramids or individuals.

Pyramid Release Moves

- 1. During a pyramid transition, a top person **may pass above 2** ½ **high** under the following conditions:
 - a. Anytime a pyramid release moved is released from a second layer base and is caught by a second layer base, the second layer base that is catching the top person must also be the second layer base that originally released the top person. (i.e. tower tick-tocks).
 - b. Free release moves from 2 ½ high pyramids may not land in a prone or inverted position.

Pyramid Inversions

- 1. Inverted stunts are allowed up to 2 ½ persons high.
- 2. Downward inversions from above prep level must be assisted by at least 2 bases. Top person must maintain contact with a base or another top person.

Pyramid Release Moves w/ Braced Inversions

- 1. Braced flips are allowed up to up to 11/4 flipping and one (1) twisting rotation.
- 2. Braced flips are allowed if direct physical contact is maintained with at least one (1) top person at prep level or below and must be caught by at least two (2) catchers.
 - Exception: Braced inversions to 2 ½ high pyramids may be caught by one (1) person.
- 3. All braced inversions (including braced flips) that land in an upright position at prep level or above require at least one (1) base and one (1) additional spotter under the following conditions:
 - a. The base/spotter must be stationary.
 - b. The base/spotter must maintain visual contact with the top person throughout the entire transition.
 - c. The base/spotter may not be involved with any other skill or choreography when the transition is initiated.

Note: The dip to throw of the top person is considered the initiation of the skill.

- 4. Free released moves from 2 ½ high pyramids:
 - a. May NOT land in a prone or inverted position.
 - b. Are limited to zero (0) flipping and one (1) twisting rotation.
- 5. One arm (1 arm) extended Paper Dolls require a spotter for each top person.

DISMOUNTS

Note: Movements are only considered "Dismounts" if released to a cradle or released and assisted to the performing surface.

- 1. When cradling, the flyer must always land in a face-up position.
- 2. For all cradle dismounts, the catcher(s) must have continuous visual contact with the flyer.
- 3. Bases/catchers must not move during dismounts except for safety purposes.
- 4. When cradling from extended multi-base stunts at least two catchers are required.
- 5. Single based cradles that exceed 1¼ twisting rotations must have a spotter assisting the cradle with at least one (1) hand/arm supporting the head and shoulder of the top person.
- 6. Dismounts to the performing surface, must be assisted by an original base or spotter. Free flipping skills to the performance floor are prohibited.
 - **Exception:** Straight drops or small hop offs, with no additional skills, from waist level or below are the only dismounts allowed to the performing surface that do not require assistance. *Clarification: An individual may not land on the performing surface from above waist level without assistance.*
- 7. Up to a 2½ twist cradle is allowed from all stunts and pyramids up to two (2) persons high and requires at least two (2) catchers. Cradles from 2½ high pyramids are allowed up to 1½ twist and require two (2) catchers, one of which must be stationary at the initiation of the cradle.

 Exception: 2-1-1 thigh stands may perform 2 twists from a forward-facing stunt only (example: extension, liberty, heel stretch).
- 8. Free released dismounts from 2½ high pyramids may **NOT** land in a prone or inverted position.
- 9. Free released dismounts to a **cradle**:
 - a. Are limited to either **one and one-fourth** (1¹/₄) flipping and **half** (1/2) twisting rotations (Arabians).
 - b. Require at least two (2) catchers, one of which is an original base.
 - c. May not intentionally travel.
 - d. Must originate from prep level or below. (May NOT originate from 2½ pyramids.)

Exception: 3/4 front flip to cradle may occur from a 21/2 high pyramid and requires 2 catchers, 1 on each side of the top person and 1 of which must be stationary when the cradle is initiated. 3/4 front flip to cradle from 21/2 high may **NOT** twist.

- 10. Free released dismounts to the performing surface are only allowed in **front flipping** rotation: *Clarification: Back-flipping dismounts must go to cradle.*
 - a. Allowed up to one (1) front flipping and zero (0) twisting rotations.
 - b. Must return to an original base.
 - c. Must have a spotter.
 - d. May not intentionally travel.
- 11. Tension drops/rolls of any kind are not allowed.
- 12. When cradling single based stunts with multiple top persons, two (2) catchers must catch each top person. Catchers and bases must be stationary prior to the initiation of the dismount.
- 13. Cradles from a one (1) arm stunt that involve a twist must have a spotter assisting the cradle with at least one (1) hand-arm supporting the head and shoulder of the top person.
- 14. Dismounts may not pass over, under or through other stunts, pyramids or individuals.
- 15. Dismounts must return to original base(s).Exception: Single based stunts with multiple top persons do not need to return to original base(s).
- 16. Dismounts may not intentionally travel.
- 17. Top persons in dismounts may not come in contact with each other while released from the bases.
- 18. When cradling single-based double cupies two (2) separate catchers must catch each flyer. Catchers and bases must be stationary prior to the initiation of the dismount.

TOSSES

1. Basket tosses must not involve more than four (4) tossers, including the person who may set or "load" the flyer. One of the tossers must be behind the flyer during the toss and may assist the flyer into the toss.

Exception 1: Fly away tosses that would go over the back person.

Exception 2: Arabians in which the 3rd person would need to start in front to be in position to catch a cradle.

- 2. Tosses must be performed from ground level bases and land in a cradle position by three (3) catchers. Top person must be caught in a cradle position by at least 3 bases one (1) of which is positioned at the head and shoulder area of the top person. The third catcher must always be in position to spot the head and neck area of the flyer.
- 3. The top person in a toss must have both feet in / on hands of bases when the toss is initiated.
- 4. Flipping tosses are allowed up to 1¼ flipping rotation and 2 additional skills. A tuck, pike or lay out are not counted in the 2 additional skills. A pike open double full is legal. A tuck X-out double full is illegal because the X-out is considered a skill.
- 5. No stunt or individual may move over or under a toss and a toss may not be thrown over, under or through stunts, individuals or props.
- 6. Non-flipping tosses may not exceed 3½ twists.
- 7. Top persons tossed to another set of bases must be caught in a cradle position by at least 3 stationary catchers. Catchers may not be involved in any other choreography and must have visual contact with top person when the toss is initiated and must maintain visual contact throughout the entire toss. The toss is allowed up to zero (0) flipping and 1 ½ twisting rotations or ¾ front flips with zero (0) twists. The bases involved in the toss must be stationary while tossing.

- 8. Top persons in separate basket tosses may not come in contact with each other and must become free of all contact from the bases, bracers and / or other top persons.
- 9. Only a single top person is allowed during a basket toss.

TUMBLING

- All tumbling must originate from and land on the performing surface.
 Exception 1: A tumbler may rebound from his/her feet into a stunt transition. If the rebound from the tumbling pass involves hip-over head rotation, then the tumbler/top person must be caught and stopped in a non-inverted position before continuing into the hip-over head transition or stunt.
 Exception 2: Round off rewinds and standing single back handspring rewinds are allowed. No tumbling skills prior to the round-off or standing back handspring are permitted.
- 2. Tumbling over, under, or through a stunt, individual, or prop, is not allowed. *Clarification: An individual may jump over another individual.*
- 3. Dive rolls are allowed: *Exception: Dive rolls that involve twisting are not allowed.*
- 4. **STANDING/RUNNING TUMBLING:** Skills are allowed up to one (1) flipping and one (1) twisting rotations.

DROPS

- 1. Drops including but not limited to knee, seat, thigh, front, back and split drops from a jump, stunt, airborne or inverted position are prohibited unless the majority of the weight is first borne on the hands/feet, which breaks the impact of the drop.
- 2. Tension drops/rolls are illegal.
- 3. A handspring/flip over to any drop is illegal.

2024 Level Rules

OPEN PREM	IER CHEER DIVISION		
Standing	 Skills are limited to one (1) flipping and two (2) twisting 		
Tumbling	rotations.		
Running	 Skills are limited to one (1) flipping and two (2) twisting 		
Tumbling	rotations.		
Stunts	 Twisting stunts and transitions are allowed up to 2½ twisting rotations by the top person in relation to the performance surface. Rewinds (Free Flipping) and assisted flipping stunts and transitions are allowed. Rewinds must originate from ground level only and are limited to one (1) flipping and two (2) twisting rotations. Exception: Rewinds to a cradle position are 1 ¼ flips. All rewinds caught below shoulder level must use two (2) catchers 		
Dismounts	 Single based cradles that exceed 1¼ twisting rotations must have a spotter assisting the cradle with at least one (1) hand/arm supporting the head and shoulder of the top person. Up to a 2¼ twist cradle is allowed from all stunts and pyramids up to two (2) persons high and requires at least two (2) catchers. Cradles from 2½ high pyramids are allowed up to 1½ twist and require two (2) catchers, one of which must be stationary at the initiation of the cradle. Exception: 2-1-1 thigh stands may perform 2 twists from a 		

forward-facing stunt only (example: extension, liberty, heel stretch). Free released dismounts from 2½ high pyramids may NOT land in a prone or inverted position. Free released dismounts to a cradle: a. Are limited to either one and one-fourth (11/4) flipping and half (1/2) twisting rotations (Arabians). b. Require at least two (2) catchers, one of which is an original base. c. May not intentionally travel. d. Must originate from prep level or below. (May NOT originate from 2½ pyramids.) Exception: 3/4 front flip to cradle may occur from a 21/2 high pyramid and requires 2 catchers, 1 on each side of the top person and 1 of which must be stationary when the cradle is initiated. 34 front flip to cradle from 21/2 high may NOT twist. Free released dismounts to the performing surface are only allowed in **FRONT flipping** rotation: Clarification: Back-flipping dismounts must go to cradle. a. Allowed up to one (1) front flipping and zero (0) twisting rotations. b. Must return to an original base. c. Must have a spotter. d. May not intentionally travel. e. Must originate from prep level or below. (May NOT originate from 21/2 high pyramids. Flips into cradles from prep level or above require at least two (2) catchers. Release moves are allowed but must not exceed more than 18 inches / 46 centimeters above extended arm level. If it exceeds prescribed height then it will be considered either a toss or a dismount. Release moves may not land in an inverted position. Top Release persons in separate release moves may not come in contact **Moves** with each other. **Exception:** Single based stunts with multiple top persons. Top persons in separate release moves may not come in contact with each other. **Exception:** Single based stunts with multiple top persons. Downward inversions from above prep level must be assisted by at least two (2) catchers. Top person must maintain contact with a base. Braced flips are allowed if direct physical contact is maintained with at least one (1) flyer at prep level or below and must be caught by at least two (2) catchers. **Inversions** Braced flips are allowed up to up to 11/4 flipping and one (1) twisting rotation. Free released moves from 2 ½ high pyramids: a. May NOT land in a prone or inverted position. b. Are limited to **zero (0)** flipping and **one (1)** twisting rotation. Pyramids are limited to two and a half (2 ½) levels ONLY but can consist of a combination of full-man or half-man high skills. Free-flying mounts originating from ground level may not originate in a handstand position, and are allowed up to (one) 1 flipping (3/4 maximum free flip between release and catch) and **Pyramids** one (1) twisting rotation OR zero (0) flipping and two (2) twisting rotations. During a pyramid transition, a top person may pass above 2 ½ levels high while in direct contact with at least one (1) person at prep level (second layer) or below. a. Anytime a pyramid release moved is released from a

	second layer base and is caught by a second layer base, the second layer base that is catching the top person must also be the second layer base that originally released the top person. (i.e. tower tick-tocks) b. Free release moves from 2 ½ high pyramids may not land in a prone or inverted position.		
	 Non-flipping tosses may not exceed 3½ twists. Flipping tosses are limited to one and a quarter (1¼) flipping rotation and two (2) additional skills. A pike open double full is legal. A tuck X-out double full is illegal because the X-out is considered a skill. 		
Tosses	Legal (Two Skills)	Illegal (Three Skills)	
	Tuck flip, X-Out, Full Twist	Tuck flip, X-Out, Double Full Twist	
	Double Full-Twisting Layout	Kick, Double Full-Full Twisting Layout	
	Kick, Full-Twisting Layout	Kick, Full-Twisting Layout, Kick	
	Pike, Open, Double Full-Twist	Pike, Split, Double Full-Twist	
	Arabian Front, Full-Twist	Full-Twisting Layout, Split, Full-Twist	
	NOTE: An Arabian Front followed by a 1 ½ twist is considered to be a legal skill.		

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NCC ACOUNT DETAILS

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